Consolidated Financial Statements

Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited and its Consolidated Subsidiaries

> Years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 with Independent Auditor's Report

Consolidated Financial Statements

Years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

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Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Directors Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited and its consolidated subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as at March 31, 2019 and 2018, and the consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the years then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, all expressed in Japanese yen.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, and for designing and operating such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. The purpose of an audit of the consolidated financial statements is not to express an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control, but in making these risk assessments the auditor considers internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited and its consolidated subsidiaries as at March 31, 2019 and 2018, and their consolidated financial performance and cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

Convenience Translation

We have reviewed the translation of these consolidated financial statements into U.S. dollars, presented for the convenience of readers, and, in our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been properly translated on the basis described in Note 1(a).

June 24, 2019 Nagoya, Japan

Ernst & young Shin hihon LLC

Consolidated Balance Sheets

March 31, 2019 and 2018

	Million	s of ven	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(a))
	2019	2018	2019
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and deposits (<i>Notes 11, 19 and 20</i>) Accounts receivable due from expressway business	¥ 105,685	¥ 143,033	\$ 952,203
operations (Notes 20 and 23)	87,548	76,310	788,792
Other accounts receivable (<i>Note 20</i>)	4,817	7,083	43,400
Marketable securities (Notes 5 and 20)	,	50	
Inventories (Note 6)	789,363	972,903	7,112,019
Other current assets	53,733	41,951	484,125
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(11)	(9)	(99)
Total current assets (Note 2)	1,041,135	1,241,321	9,380,440
Property and equipment (Notes 7, 9, 17 and 22):			
Buildings	69,076	66,581	622,362
Structures	63,010	61,462	567,709
Machinery and equipment	106,610	105,828	960,537
Vehicles	34,488	30,616	310,731
Tools, furniture and fixtures	16,641	15,586	149,932
Land	121,042	120,832	1,090,567
Leased assets	4,359	4,617	39,274
Construction in progress	3,201	3,802	28,840
Less accumulated depreciation	(152,984)	(145,919)	(1,378,358)
Total property and equipment	265,443	263,405	2,391,594
Investments and other assets:			
Investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries and			
affiliates (Notes 8, 11, 20 and 22)	5,006	5,342	45,103
Investments in securities (Notes 5, 11 and 20)	559	531	5,036
Intangible fixed assets (Note 22)	14,019	10,034	126,309
Deferred income taxes (<i>Notes 2 and 12</i>)	5,294	5,228	47,698
Asset for retirement benefits (<i>Note 13</i>)	602	408	5,424
Others (Note 11)	4,467	4,982	40,247
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(207)	(543)	(1,865)
Total investments and other assets (Note 2)	29,740	25,982	267,952
Deferred assets:	000	1.665	5 030

Bond issuance expenses for road construction	880	1,665	7,928
Total assets (Notes 2, 11 and 22)	¥ 1,337,198	¥ 1,532,373	\$ 12,047,914

		ns of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(a))
	2019	2018	2019
Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable due to expressway business operations (<i>Notes 20 and 23</i>)	¥ 185,623	¥ 118,325	\$ 1,672,430
Current portion of long-term debt (Notes 10, 11, 19, 20 and 23) Current portion of longe obligations (Note 10)	454 527	932 568	4,090 4,748
Current portion of lease obligations (<i>Note 10</i>) Other accounts payable (<i>Note 20</i>)	61,815	30,441	4,748 556,942
Income and other taxes payable (<i>Notes 12 and 20</i>)	5,274	942	47,518
Accrued employees' bonuses	3,855	3,482	34,733
Other current liabilities	29,343	24,168	264,375
Total current liabilities (<i>Notes 2 and 22</i>)	286,891	178,858	2,584,836
Long-term liabilities: Long-term debt (<i>Notes 10, 11, 19, 20 and 23</i>)	704,190	1,020,371	6,344,626
Lease obligations (<i>Note 10</i>)	2,315	2,082	20,858
Deferred income taxes (<i>Notes 2 and 12</i>) Liabilities for retirement benefits (<i>Note 13</i>) Accrued retirement benefits for directors, audit and	1 61,848	6 63,250	9 557,239
supervisory board members and corporate officers	216	233	1,946
Allowance for ETC mileage program	8,119	8,194	73,151
Others	28,878	28,274	260,185
Total long-term liabilities (Notes 2 and 22)	805,567	1,122,410	7,258,014
Contingent liabilities (<i>Notes 14 and 23</i>) Net assets: Shareholder's equity (<i>Note 15</i>): Common stock Authorized : 520,000,000 shares Issued : 130,000,000 shares at March 31,	65,000	65,000	585,638
2019 and 2018 Capital surplus	72,680	72,178	654,834
Retained earnings	118,644	108,415	1,068,961
Total shareholder's equity	256,324	245,593	2,309,433
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss): Net unrealized holding gain on securities (<i>Note 5</i>) Translation adjustments	18	42 2	162
Retirement benefits liability adjustments (<i>Note 13</i>)	(12,418)	(16,106)	(111,884)
Total accumulated other comprehensive loss	(12,400)	(16,062)	(111,001) (111,722)
Non-controlling interests (Note 18)	816	1,574	7,353
Total net assets (<i>Note 18</i>)	244,740	231,105	2,205,064
Total liabilities and net assets (<i>Note 2</i>)	¥ 1,337,198	¥ 1,532,373	\$ 12,047,914
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Consolidated Statements of Income

Years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

	Million	s of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(a))
	2019	2018	2019
Operating revenues (<i>Notes 22 and 23</i>) Operating expenses:	¥ 1,455,242	¥ 972,076	\$13,111,470
Road assets leasing expenses (<i>Note 23</i>) Cost of sales and administrative expenses for	501,000	492,698	4,513,920
expressway business operations (<i>Note 16</i>) Selling, general and administrative expenses	857,689	390,933	7,727,624
(Note 16)	81,610	81,263	735,292
Total operating expenses	1,440,299	964,894	12,976,836
Operating income (<i>Note 22</i>) Other income (expenses):	14,943	7,182	134,634
Interest income	5	6	45
Land and property rental fees	221	245	1,991
Amortization of negative goodwill (<i>Note 22</i>)	342	342	3,081
Equity in earnings of affiliates	329	263	2,964
Penalty income	416	6	3,748
Interest on refund of taxes	5	208	45
Interest expenses	(38)	(31)	(342)
Gain on sales of fixed assets	11	93	99
Loss on sales of fixed assets	(23)	(178)	(207)
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	(461)	(388)	(4,154)
Loss on impairment of fixed assets			
(Notes 7 and 22)	(243)	(278)	(2,189)
Gain on return of substitutional portion of			. , ,
employees' pension fund (Notes 3 and 13)	-	22,395	-
Gain on sales of investments in securities		,	
(<i>Note 5</i>)	-	20	-
Loss on sales of investments in securities			
(<i>Note 5</i>)	(426)	(540)	(3,838)
Others	266	366	2,397
Profit before income taxes	15,347	29,711	138,274
Income taxes (Note 12):			
Current	5,259	2,248	47,383
Deferred	(86)	7,534	(775)
	5,173	9,782	46,608
Profit	10,174	19,929	91,666
Profit attributable to:			21,000
Non-controlling interests	72	116	649
Owner of parent (<i>Note 18</i>)	¥ 10,102	¥ 19,813	\$ 91,017
Owner of parent (Note 10)		1 17,015	φ ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

Years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

			Thousands of U.S. dollars
	Million	s of yen	(Note $I(a)$)
	2019	2018	2019
Profit	¥ 10,174	¥ 19,929	\$ 91,666
Other comprehensive income (loss) (Note 24):			
Net unrealized holding loss on securities	(16)	(8)	(144)
Retirement benefits liability adjustments	3,524	4,380	31,751
Share of other comprehensive income of			
affiliates accounted for by the equity method	154	32	1,387
Total other comprehensive income	3,662	4,404	32,994
Comprehensive income	¥ 13,836	¥ 24,333	\$ 124,660
Total comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owner of parent	¥ 13,764	¥ 24,217	\$ 124,011
Non-controlling interests	72	116	649

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets

Years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

		Millions of yen				
	Number of shares in issue	Common stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Total shareholder's equity	
Balance at April 1, 2017 Profit attributable to owner of parent for the	130,000,000	¥ 65,000	¥ 72,245	¥ 88,602	¥ 225,847	
year Change in ownership interests due to transactions with non-	_	_	_	19,813	19,813	
controlling interests	_	_	(67)	_	(67)	
Other changes Balance at April 1, 2018		65,000	72,178	108,415	245,593	
Profit attributable to owner of parent for the year Change in ownership interests due to	-	-	_	10,102	10,102	
transactions with non- controlling interests Change of scope of	_	_	502	_	502	
equity method	_	-	-	127	127	
Other changes	_					
Balance at March 31, 2019	130,000,000	¥ 65,000	¥ 72,680	¥ 118,644	¥ 256,324	

			Mil	llions of yen		
	Acc	umulated other o	comprehensive in	come (loss)		
	Net unrealized		Retirement	Total accumulated		
	holding		benefits	other	Non-	
	gain on	Translation	liability	comprehensive	controlling	Total net
	securities	adjustments	adjustments	income (loss)	interests	assets
Balance at April 1, 2017 Profit attributable to owner of parent for the	¥ 54	¥ –	¥ (20,521)	¥ (20,467)	¥ 1,392	¥ 206,772
year Change in ownership interests due to transactions with non-	_	_	_	_	_	19,813
controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	(67)
Other changes	(12) 42	2	4,415	4,405	182	4,587
Balance at April 1, 2018 Profit attributable to owner of parent for the year	42	2 _	(16,106)	(16,062)	1,574	231,105
Change in ownership interests due to transactions with non-						
controlling interests Change of scope of	_	_	-	-	-	502
equity method	(24)	(2)	3,688	3,662	(758)	127 2,904
Other changes	¥ 18	<u>(2)</u> ¥ –	¥ (12,418)	¥ (12,400)	¥ 816	¥ 244,740
Balance at March 31, 2019	± 10	± -	± (12,710)	+ (12,700)	± 010	± 277,/70

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets (continued)

	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note $I(a)$)						
	Common stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Total shareholder's equity			
Balance at April 1, 2018	\$ 585,638	\$ 650,311	\$ 976,800	\$ 2,212,749			
Profit attributable to owner of parent for the			04 04 -	04.04=			
year	-	-	91,017	91,017			
Change in ownership interests due to transactions with non-							
controlling interests	_	4,523	_	4,523			
Change of scope of			1,144	1,144			
equity method	-	-	1,144	1,144			
Other changes	-						
Balance at March 31, 2019	\$ 585,638	\$ 654,834	\$ 1,068,961	\$ 2,309,433			

Years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(a))

			5		//	
	Accur	mulated other co	mprehensive inco	ome (loss)		
	Net unrealized holding gain on	Translation	Retirement benefits liability	Total accumulated other comprehensive	Non- controlling	Total net
	securities	adjustments	adjustments	income (loss)	interests	assets
Balance at April 1, 2018	\$ 378	\$ 18	\$ (145,112)	\$ (144,716)	\$ 14,182	\$ 2,082,215
Profit attributable to owner of parent for the year Change in ownership interests due to	_	-	_	-	_	91,017
transactions with non- controlling interests Change of scope of	_	_	_	_	_	4,523
equity method	_	_	_	_	_	1,144
Other changes	(216)	(18)	33,228	32,994	(6,829)	26,165
Balance at March 31, 2019	\$ 162	\$ -	\$ (111,884)	\$ (111,722)	\$ 7,353	\$ 2,205,064

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018

	Million	s of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1(a))
	2019	2018	2019
Cash flows from operating activities:			,
Profit before income taxes	¥ 15,347	¥ 29,711	\$ 138,274
Depreciation and amortization	21,651	20,837	195,072
Loss on impairment of fixed assets	243	278	2,189
Loss on sales of investments in securities	426	520	3,838
Equity in earnings of affiliates	(329)	(263)	(2,964)
Increase (decrease) in asset and liabilities for retirement	1 051	(21 100)	15 550
benefits	1,951	(21,190)	17,578
Increase in accrued employees' bonuses	373	213	3,361
Decrease in allowance for ETC mileage program	(75) (334)	(183)	(676)
(Decrease) increase in allowance for doubtful accounts Interest and dividend income	(334)	36	(3,009)
	(17) 641	(16) 1,113	(153) 5,775
Interest expense Loss on sales of fixed assets	12	85	108
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	1,068	1,635	9,622
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable due from	1,000	1,055	9,022
expressway business operations	(10,447)	28,447	(94,126)
Decrease (increase) in inventories	183,934	(128,906)	1,657,212
Increase in accounts payable due to expressway business	105,554	(120,900)	1,007,212
operations	73,456	11,930	661,825
Increase in other accounts payable	15,489	15,921	139,553
Others	5,640	2,951	50,817
Subtotal	309,029	(36,881)	2,784,296
Interest and dividends received	41	143	369
Interest paid	(716)	(1,088)	(6,451)
Income taxes paid	(1,000)	(4,222)	(9,010)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	307,354	(42,048)	2,769,204
Cash flows from investing activities:		(,)	_,, ,
Increase in time deposits	(0)	(0)	(0)
Decrease in time deposits	_	11	_
Proceeds from sales and redemption of marketable securities	50	_	450
Payments for purchase of investments in securities	(40)	(694)	(360)
Proceeds from sales and redemption of investments in			
securities	304	225	2,739
Payments for purchase of fixed assets	(26,937)	(23,225)	(242,698)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	33	446	297
Others	(6)	(102)	(53)
Net cash used in investing activities	(26,596)	(23,339)	(239,625)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from long-term loans	43,059	16,976	387,954
Repayments of long-term loans (Note 19)	(68,145)	(35,424)	(613,974)
Proceeds from issuance of bonds for road construction	365,066	342,708	3,289,179
Redemption of bonds for road construction (<i>Note 19</i>)	(657,182)	(223,551)	(5,921,092)
Purchase of shares of subsidiaries not resulting in change in			
scope of consolidation	(328)	(720)	(2,955)
Others	(648)	(729)	(5,839)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(318,178)	99,980	(2,866,727)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(1)	(1)	(9)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(37,421)	34,592	(337,157)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	142,849	108,257	1,287,044
Increase in cash and cash equivalents resulting from merger			
with an unconsolidated subsidiary	72		649
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year (Note 19)	¥ 105,500	¥ 142,849	\$ 950,536

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

March 31, 2019 and 2018

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited (the "Company") and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") are prepared on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, which are different in certain respects as to the application and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards, and are compiled from the consolidated financial statements prepared by the Company as required by the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group are prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Concerning the Terminology, Forms and Preparation Methods of Consolidated Financial Statements" (Ministry of Finance Ordinance No. 28, 1976).

In preparing the accompanying consolidated financial statements, certain reclassifications have been made to the consolidated financial statements issued domestically in order to present them in a format which is more familiar to readers outside Japan. In addition, certain notes included herein are not required under accounting principles generally accepted in Japan but are presented as other explanatory information.

Certain reclassifications of previously reported amounts have been made to conform the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018 to the 2019 presentation. Such reclassifications had no effect on consolidated profit or net assets.

The translation of Japanese yen amounts into U.S. dollars is included solely for the convenience of the reader and has been made at \$110.99 = U.S. \$1.00, the approximate rate of exchange in effect on March 31, 2019. This translation should not be construed as a representation that the Japanese yen amounts have been, could have been, or could in the future be, converted into U.S. dollar amounts at the above or any other rate.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(b) Principles of consolidation and accounting for investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its 25 significant consolidated subsidiaries for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018. The Company has applied the equity method to its investments in 9 and 12 significant affiliates for the purpose of the consolidated financial statements for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The principles of consolidation are to include significant subsidiaries over which substantial control is exerted either through majority ownership of voting stock and/or by other means. In addition, significant affiliates, over which the consolidated Group exercises substantial control in various ways, are accounted for by the equity method.

All significant intercompany transactions and accounts have been eliminated in consolidation.

Other subsidiaries and affiliates are not significant in terms of their total assets, profit or loss, and retained earnings. Accordingly, these other subsidiaries and affiliates have not been consolidated nor are they accounted for by the equity method. Investments in such subsidiaries and affiliates are stated at cost unless there has been a permanent decline in the value of such investments. In such case, the Company is required to write down the investments.

Goodwill is amortized using the straight-line method over the respective determinable useful lives or a period of 5 years if the useful lives are indeterminable. Goodwill is charged to income in the year of acquisition if immaterial.

Negative goodwill is credited to income when incurred. Negative goodwill recognized on or before March 31, 2010 is being amortized using the straight-line method over a period of 20 years.

(c) Foreign currency translation

All monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into yen at the rates of exchange in effect at the balance sheet date, and differences arising from the translation are credited or charged to income.

Assets and liabilities of the overseas affiliate accounted for by the equity method are translated into yen at the rates of exchange in effect at the balance sheet date of the affiliate, and revenues and expenses are translated at the average rates of exchange for the fiscal year. Differences arising from the translation are reflected in "Translation adjustments" as a component of Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, cash in banks which can be withdrawn at any time and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased which can easily be converted to cash and are subject to little risk of change in value.

(e) Investments in securities

Securities, other than those of unconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates, are classified into three categories: trading securities, held-to-maturity debt securities and other securities.

Trading securities, consisting of debt and marketable equity securities are stated at fair value. Gain or loss, both realized and unrealized, is credited or charged to income. Held-to-maturity debt securities are stated at amortized cost. Marketable securities classified as other securities are carried at fair value with any changes in unrealized holding gain or loss, net of the applicable income taxes, reported as a separate component of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss). Cost of securities sold is determined by the moving average method. Non-marketable securities classified as other securities are carried at cost determined by the moving average method.

Under the Companies Act of Japan (the "Act"), unrealized holding gain on other securities, net of the related taxes, is not available for distribution as dividends.

(f) Inventories

Work in process for road construction is determined by the individual cost method.

Acquisition costs of work in process for road construction includes costs for road construction, costs for acquiring land, related incidental costs, labor costs for road construction and removal costs and other related costs.

Interest expense incurred for work in process for road construction up to the date of completion is capitalized as a part of the work in process for road construction.

Merchandise, finished goods and work in process are principally stated at lower of cost, determined by the individual cost method, or net selling value.

Raw materials and supplies are principally stated at lower of cost, determined by the first-in first-out method, or net selling value.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(g) Allowance for doubtful accounts

Allowance for doubtful accounts is provided based on the actual historical percentage of bad debts and an estimate of uncollectible amounts determined by an assessment of individual receivables.

(h) Property and equipment (except for leased assets)

Depreciation of property and equipment of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries is calculated principally by the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives and the residual value determined by the Company. Significant renewals and additions are capitalized at cost. Maintenance and repairs are charged to income as incurred. The estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Buildings:	3 to 50 years
Structures:	3 to 60 years
Machinery and equipment:	5 to 17 years

The Company succeeded certain property and equipment from the Japan Highway Public Corporation ("JHPC") when the Company was established on October 1, 2005. The estimated useful lives of property and equipment transferred to the Company from the JHPC are determined based on the respective estimated useful lives of used assets.

(i) Intangible fixed assets (except for leased assets)

Amortization of intangible fixed assets is calculated by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets.

Expenditures related to computer software development for internal use are charged to income as incurred, unless these contribute to the generation of future income or cost savings. Such expenditures are capitalized as assets and amortized by the straight-line method over their estimated useful life of 5 years.

(j) Leased assets

Leased assets under finance lease transactions which transfer ownership to the lessee are capitalized and depreciated or amortized by the method applied to assets owned by the Company.

Leased assets under finance lease transactions which do not transfer ownership to the lessee are capitalized and depreciated or amortized over the respective lease terms to a nil residual value by the straight-line method.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(k) Bond issuance expenses for road construction

Bond issuance expenses for road construction are capitalized and amortized by the straight-line method over the term of the bonds.

(l) Derivatives and hedging activities

The Company has entered into currency swap contracts and interest-rate swap contracts to hedge its exposure to exchange rate fluctuation risk and interest rate fluctuation risk corresponding to corporate bonds denominated in foreign currencies based on internal regulations.

Gains or losses on derivatives positions designated as hedges are deferred until the gains or losses on the respective underlying hedged items are recognized.

Currency swap contracts that meet certain conditions are accounted for by the allocation method, which requires that the recognized foreign currency transaction be translated at the corresponding currency swap contract rate. Interest-rate swap contracts that meet certain conditions are accounted for by the special treatment. Under the treatment, the net amount to be paid or received under the contracts is added to or deducted from the interest on the hedged items, by treating them as a single item.

The Company measures hedge effectiveness by comparing the cumulative changes in cash flows or fair value of the hedging instrument and the hedged item, except for the currency swaps accounted for by the allocation method and the interest-rate swaps accounted for by the special treatment, for which the measurement of hedge effectiveness is omitted.

(m) Income taxes

Deferred tax assets and liabilities have been recognized in the consolidated financial statements with respect to the differences between the financial reporting and tax bases of the assets and liabilities, and were measured using the enacted tax rates and laws which will be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse.

(n) Accrued employees' bonuses

Accrued employees' bonuses are provided at the estimated amount of bonuses to be paid to the employees in the following year which has been allocated to the current fiscal year.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(o) Retirement benefits

The liabilities for retirement benefits is provided based on the amount of the projected benefit obligation reduced by the pension plan assets at fair value at the end of the year.

The retirement benefit obligation is attributed to each period based on the benefit formula method over the estimated years of service of the eligible employees.

Certain consolidated subsidiaries calculate the liabilities for retirement benefits based on the simplified method. These domestic subsidiaries have calculated their retirement benefit obligation based on the amount which would be payable at the end of the fiscal year if all eligible employees terminated their services voluntarily.

Actuarial gain or loss is amortized in the year following the year in which such gain or loss is recognized principally by the straight-line method over a period from 10 years to 13 years, which is within the estimated average remaining years of service of the eligible employees. Actuarial gain or loss of certain consolidated subsidiaries is fully recognized in income or loss at the time of occurrence.

Prior service cost of certain consolidated subsidiaries is amortized by the straight-line method over a period from 10 years to 13 years, which is within the estimated average remaining years of service of the eligible employees. Prior service cost of certain consolidated subsidiaries is fully charged to income as incurred.

(p) Accrued retirement benefits for directors, audit and supervisory board members and corporate officers

Directors, audit and supervisory board members and corporate officers of the Company and certain consolidated domestic subsidiaries are entitled to lump-sum payments under unfunded retirement benefits plans. An estimate of the accrued retirement benefits for these officers has been made based on internal regulations.

(q) Allowance for ETC mileage program

The Electronic Toll Collection ("ETC") mileage program is offered to motorists who join the ETC mileage program. In accordance with the ETC mileage program, customers can receive a discount on expressway tolls based on the number of points that they accumulate. The allowance for ETC mileage program is provided as an estimate of the total costs expected to be incurred subsequent to the balance sheet date based on the outstanding number of points at the end of each fiscal year.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(r) Recognition of revenues and costs

Operating revenues from the transfer of expressway assets constructed by the Company and related operating expenses are recognized by the completed-contract method in accordance with "the Regulation on Accounting in the Expressway Industry, etc."

In principle, pursuant to Article 51 of the Act on Special Measures concerning Road Construction and Improvement of Japan (the "Special Measures Act"), expressway assets constructed by the Company shall belong to the Japan Expressway Holding and Debt Repayment Agency ("JEHDRA") after the completion of construction. At the same time, pursuant to Article 15 of the Japan Expressway Holding and Debt Repayment Agency Act of Law (the "JEHDRA Act"), the debts borne by the Company for construction shall be assumed by JEHDRA. As such, operating revenues and related operating expenses are recognized once construction of the expressway assets is completed and JEHDRA assumes ownership.

On the other hand, revenue from and the related costs of road construction projects and contracted construction (the "Agency Business") are recognized by the percentage-ofcompletion method at the amount for which the outcome of the construction activity is deemed probable at the end of the reporting period. To estimate the progress of such construction projects, the Company measures the percentage of completion by comparing costs incurred to date with the most recent estimate of total costs required to complete the project (cost to cost method). For other construction projects where the outcome cannot be reliably measured, the completed-contract method is applied.

For construction contracts related to the Agency Business that commenced on or before March 31, 2009, the percentage-of-completion method is applied if the construction work extends beyond a two-year period and the contract amount is \$5,000 million (\$45,049 thousand) or more. Other construction contracts are accounted for by the completed-contract method.

Effective the year ended March 31, 2010, the Company has adopted "Accounting Standard for Construction Contracts" (Accounting Standards Board of Japan ("ASBJ") Statement No.15 issued on December 27, 2007) and "Guidance on Accounting Standard for Construction Contracts" (ASBJ Guidance No.18 issued on December 27, 2007).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

2. Accounting Changes

Partial Amendments to Accounting Standard for Tax Effect Accounting

The Group has adopted "Partial Amendments to Accounting Standard for Tax Effect Accounting" (ASBJ Statement No. 28, February 16, 2018) effective from April 1, 2018.

This statement requires classifying all deferred tax assets and liabilities as non-current in the consolidated balance sheet. Previously, accounting principles in Japan required an entity to classify deferred income tax assets and liabilities as current or non-current.

As a result, in the accompanying comparative "Consolidated Balance Sheet" at March 31, 2018, the Group reclassified "Deferred income taxes" amounting to \$2,488 million in "Current assets" as "Deferred income taxes" in "Investments and other assets," and "Other current liabilities" amounting to \$0 million in "Current liabilities" as "Deferred income taxes" in "Long-term liabilities." In addition, the Group offset "Deferred income taxes" amounting to \$534 million included in "Investments and other assets" with the "Deferred income taxes" included in "Long-term liabilities," and therefore "Total assets" decreased by \$534 million.

3. Supplemental Information

Return of Substitutional Portion of Employees' Pension Fund

On May 1, 2017, the Company obtained approval from the Minister of Health, Labour and Welfare of Japan with respect to its application for the return of the benefit obligations related to past employee services under the substitutional portion of the Welfare Pension Fund Plan ("WPFP"). Based upon the approval, the Company applied paragraph 46 of the "Revised Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Retirement Benefits" (ASBJ Guidance No.25, March 26, 2015), and as a result, Gain on return of substitutional portion of employees' pension fund was recorded in the amount of ¥22,395 million for the year ended March 31, 2018.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

4. Accounting Standards Issued but Not Yet Effective

Accounting Standard and Implementation Guidance on Revenue Recognition

On March 30, 2018, the ASBJ issued "Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition" (ASBJ Statement No. 29) and "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition" (ASBJ Guidance No. 30).

(1) Overview

The International Accounting Standards Board (hereinafter referred to as the "IASB") and the Financial Accounting Standards Board (hereinafter referred to as the "FASB") in the United States co-developed comprehensive accounting standards for revenue recognition and issued "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (issued as IFRS 15 by the IASB and Topic 606 by the FASB) in May 2014. The ASBJ developed comprehensive accounting standards on revenue recognition and issued them in conjunction with the implementation guidance based on the fact that IFRS 15 will be applied from fiscal years starting on or after January 1, 2018 and Topic 606 will be applied from fiscal years starting after December 15, 2017.

The basic policy adopted by the ASBJ in developing accounting standards for revenue recognition was to incorporate the basic principles of IFRS 15 to ensure comparability between financial statements. Alternative accounting treatments were also incorporated based on accounting practices common in Japan where such treatments would have a limited impact on comparability with IFRS.

(2) Scheduled date of adoption

The Company expects to adopt the accounting standard and implementation guidance from the beginning of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022.

(3) Impact of the adoption of accounting standard and implementation guidance

The Company is currently evaluating the effect of the adoption of this accounting standard and implementation guidance on its consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

5. Securities

Held-to-maturity debt securities with fair value at March 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

	Millions of yen Held-to-maturity debt securities						
		2019			2018		
	Carrying	Fair	Unrealized	Carrying	Carrying Fair		
	value	value	gain	value	value	gain	
Securities with fair value exceeding carrying value: National and local							
government bonds	¥ 300	¥ 307	¥ 7	¥ 301	¥ 311	¥10	
Corporate bonds				50	50	0	
Total	¥ 300	¥ 307	¥ 7	¥ 351	¥ 361	¥ 10	
		ands of U.S. naturity debt					
		2019					
	Carrying	Fair	Unrealized				
	value	value	gain				
Securities with fair value exceeding carrying value: National and local	\$ 2 703	¢ 2.766	\$ 63				
government bonds	\$ 2,703	\$ 2,766	φυσ				
Corporate bonds	\$ 2,703	\$ 2,766	<u> </u>				
Total	\$ 4,103	\$ 4,700	φ U3				

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

5. Securities (continued)

Other securities with available market value at March 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

	Millions of yen							
	Other securities							
		2019		2018				
	Acquisition cost	Carrying value	Unrealized gain (loss)	Acquisition cost	Carrying value	Unrealized gain (loss)		
Securities with carrying value exceeding acquisition cost:								
Stocks Securities with carrying value not exceeding acquisition cost:	¥ 78	¥ 139	¥ 61	¥ 78	¥ 158	¥ 80		
Stocks	38	26	(12)	38	32	(6)		
Total	¥ 116	¥ 165	¥ 49	¥ 116	¥ 190	¥ 74		
		<i>ands of U.S. a</i> Other securitie						
		2019						
	Acquisition	Carrying	Unrealized					
	cost	value	gain (loss)					
Securities with carrying value exceeding acquisition cost: Stocks Securities with carrying value not exceeding	\$ 703	\$ 1,253	\$ 550					
acquisition cost:								
Stocks	342	234	(108)					
Total	\$ 1,045	\$ 1,487	\$ 442					

The Company recognizes loss on impairment of individual marketable securities classified as other securities if the market value of a security at year end declines by more than 50% compared with its carrying value and if the decline is deemed to be irrecoverable.

The Company recognizes loss on impairment of individual marketable securities classified as other securities if the market value declines within a range of 30% or more, but less than 50%, when recoverability is doubtful and a significant decline of market value has occurred to such an extent that: 1) the decline has been within a range of 30% or more and then less than 50% in the last two consecutive years: 2) the issuing corporation has net asset deficiency: or 3) the issuing corporation recorded losses in the last two consecutive years and losses in the following year are anticipated.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

5. Securities (continued)

Because no quoted market price is available and it is extremely difficult to estimate the corresponding future cash flow, unlisted stocks of \$94 million (\$846 thousand) and \$40 million at March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, are not included in the above table.

Sales of securities classified as other securities and the aggregate gain (loss) for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, are summarized as follows:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2019	2018	2019
Sales proceeds:			
Stocks	¥ –	¥ 11	\$ –
	¥ –	¥ 11	\$ -
Aggregate gain (loss):			
Stocks	¥ –	¥ 10	\$ –
	¥ –	¥ 10	\$ -

The Group recognized loss on impairment of non-marketable securities classified as other securities in the amounts of \$86 million (\$775 thousand) for the year ended March 31, 2019. For securities for which fair values are deemed extremely difficult to assess, when the value of those securities has written down by more than 50% from their carrying value, the loss on impairment of those securities are recognized, except for cases where the recoverability of the value of those securities in the future is supported by reasonable grounds.

6. Inventories

Inventories at March 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2019	2018	2019
Work in process for road construction	¥ 786,013	¥ 969,884	\$ 7,081,836
Merchandise and finished goods	499	535	4,496
Work in process	949	656	8,550
Raw materials and supplies	1,902	1,828	17,137
	¥ 789,363	¥ 972,903	\$ 7,112,019

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

7. Loss on Impairment of Fixed Assets

The Group recognized loss on impairment of the following groups of assets for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Years ended March 31	Location	Usage	Category
2019	Tsu-city, Mie, and others	Common assets related to the entire business	Buildings, structures and others
2019	Ota-city, Tokyo, and others	Fixed assets related to rest area business	Buildings, structures, tools, furniture, fixtures and others
2019	Toki-city, Gifu	Fixed assets related to other related business	Buildings, tools, furniture, fixtures and others
2018	Machida-city, Tokyo, and others	Common assets related to the entire business	Buildings, structures and others
2018	Minato-city, Tokyo	Intangible fixed assets related to rest area business	Software

In principle, the Group classifies asset groups based on business segment. Assets not directly linked to a specific business, such as the head-office building, are common assets related to the entire business.

The carrying value of the asset group to be disposed, which consists of common assets related to the entire business, and the carrying value of the asset group for which it is considered that investments can no longer be recovered due to a profitability decline, consisting of fixed assets related to rest area business, were written down to their memorandum value for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018.

In addition, the carrying value of the asset group for which it is considered that investments can no longer be recovered due to a profitability decline, consisting of fixed assets related to rest area business and other related business, were written down to their recoverable value for the year ended March 31, 2019.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

7. Loss on Impairment of Fixed Assets (continued)

As a result, loss on impairment of fixed assets amounted to \$243 million (\$2,189 thousand) and \$278 million for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The details of loss on impairment are as follows:

	Millions	Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	2019	2018	2019
Buildings	¥ 226	¥ 246	\$ 2,036
Structures	4	6	36
Tools, furniture and fixtures	10	2	90
Software	_	24	-
Others	3	0	27
	¥ 243	¥ 278	\$ 2,189

The recoverable value of the asset group related to rest area business is measured by net selling value which is calculated based on estimated selling amounts. In addition, the recoverable value of the asset group related to other related business is measured by value in use which is the sum of anticipated future cash flows discounted at rate of 3%.

8. Investments in Unconsolidated Subsidiaries and Affiliates

Investments in unconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates included stock of jointly controlled companies of \$4,080 million (\$36,760 thousand) and \$3,696 million at March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

9. Rental Properties

The Company has commercial facilities and commercial land available for rent located in service areas and parking areas adjacent to its expressways ("service areas").

In certain service areas commercial facilities are leased by the Company to Central Nippon Exis Co., Ltd., the Company's consolidated subsidiary, and a certain portion of the facilities is further subleased to third-party tenants with the remaining portion being utilized by the Company's consolidated subsidiaries as retail stores or as free rest areas for motorists.

Accordingly, certain service areas are deemed as real estate and included in rental properties.

The carrying value in the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2019 and 2018 and corresponding fair value of rental properties are as follows:

		Carrying value		Fair value				
	April 1, 2018	Net change	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2019				
Rental properties	¥ 5,407	¥ (234)	¥ 5,173	¥ 4,586				
	Millions of yen							
		Fair value						
	April 1, 2017	Net change	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2018				
Rental properties	¥ 5,344	¥ 63	¥ 5,407	¥ 4,776				
		Thousands	of U.S. dollars					
		Carrying value		Fair value				
	April 1, 2018	Net change	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2019				
Rental properties	\$ 48,716	\$ (2,108)	\$ 46,608	\$ 41,319				

The carrying value in the above table represents acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation.

Net change in rental properties in the above table for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 mainly represents the increase of the construction in progress and depreciation expenses.

The fair value in the above table is principally computed based on "Real Estate Appraisal Standards" in Japan.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

9. Rental Properties (continued)

The carrying value in the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2019 and 2018 and corresponding fair value of real estate including certain portions used as investment property are as follows:

Millions of yen						
	Carrying value					
April 1, 2018	Net change	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2019			
¥ 133,292	¥ 169	¥ 133,461	¥ 107,925			
Millions of yen						
	Carrying value		Fair value			
April 1, 2017	Net change	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2018			
¥ 134,054	¥ (762)	¥ 133,292	¥ 108,239			
Thousands of U.S.						
	Carrying value		Fair value			
April 1, 2018	Net change	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2019			
\$ 1 200 037	\$ 1 523	\$ 1 202 460	\$ 972,385			
	¥ 133,292 April 1, 2017 ¥ 134,054	Carrying value April 1, 2018 Net change ¥ 133,292 ¥ 169 Milli Carrying value April 1, 2017 Net change ¥ 134,054 ¥ (762) Thousand Carrying value April 1, 2018 Net change	Carrying valueApril 1, 2018Net changeMarch 31, 2019¥ 133,292¥ 169¥ 133,461Millions of yenCarrying valueApril 1, 2017Net changeMarch 31, 2018¥ 134,054¥ (762)¥ 133,292Thousands of U.S. dollarsCarrying valueApril 1, 2018Net changeMarch 31, 2019			

The carrying value in the above table represents the acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation.

Net change in real estate including certain portions used as investment property for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 mainly represents the increase of the investment in the Suzuka Parking Area and the Dangozaka Service Area (inbound), respectively, and depreciation expenses.

The fair value in the above table is principally computed based on "Real Estate Appraisal Standards" in Japan.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

9. Rental Properties (continued)

Operating revenues, operating expenses and net for those properties for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

	Millions of yen 2019						
- -	Operating revenues	Operating expenses	Net				
Rental properties Real estate including certain	¥ 512	¥ 225	¥ 287				
portions used as investment property	25,211	13,082	12,129				
		Millions of yen					
-		2018					
-	Operating	Operating					
	revenues	expenses	Net				
Rental properties Real estate including certain portions used as investment	¥ 510	¥ 214	¥ 296				
property	24,331	12,531	11,800				
_	Thousands of U.S. dollars						
		2019					
	Operating	Operating					
	revenues	expenses	Net				
Rental properties Real estate including certain portions used as investment	\$ 4,613	\$ 2,027	\$ 2,586				
property	227,147	117,866	109,281				

The revenue arising from rental properties including properties partially used for leasing is not included in operating revenues since the properties include those properties leased by the consolidated subsidiaries.

Operating revenues in the above table includes revenues from retail businesses and others operated by consolidated subsidiaries in the amounts of \$4,430 million (\$39,914 thousand) and \$4,491 million for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Operating expenses in the above table includes expenses related to real estate including certain portions used as investment property, such as depreciation expenses, repairs, insurance costs, and taxes and public charges and others.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

10. Long-Term Debt and Lease Obligations

Long-term debt at March 31, 2019 and 2018 consisted of the following:

	Million	Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	2019	2018	2019
Bonds for road construction	¥ 645,168	¥ 936,740	\$ 5,812,848
Long-term loans for road construction at interest rates ranging from 0.200% to 0.309% due from 2019 to 2022 Other long-term loans at interest rates ranging from 0.500% to 0.670% due	58,844	83,830	530,174
from 2019 to 2033	632	733	5,694
Less current portion	704,644 (454)	1,021,303 (932)	6,348,716 (4,090)
-	¥ 704,190	¥ 1,020,371	\$ 6,344,626

The current portion of long-term debt in the above table is classified based on the maturity dates of the original agreements.

Bonds for road construction as of March 31, 2019 and 2018 are summarized as follows:

		,				Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	Issue date	Maturity date	Interest rate (%)	Note	201	9	2018	20)19
Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited U.S.\$285,000,000 2.381 per cent. Bonds due 2020 No.62 Bond of Central Nippon	September 17, 2015 November	September 17, 2020 September	2.38	*	¥	_	¥34,414	\$	_
Expressway Company Limited No.63 Bond of Central Nippon	13, 2015 November	18, 2020 November	0.23	*		-	50,000		-
Expressway Company Limited Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited U.S.\$250,000,000 2.241 per	13, 2015 February	13, 2025 February	0.58	*		-	20,000		-
cent. Bonds due 2021 Central Nippon Expressway Company	16, 2016	16, 2021	2.24	*		-	29,848		-
Limited U.S.\$150,000,000 Floating Rate Bonds due 2021 Central Nippon Expressway Company	February 16, 2016	February 16, 2021	3.65	*, **		-	17,908		_
Limited U.S.\$350,000,000 2.293 per cent. Bonds due 2021 Central Nippon Expressway Company	April 25, 2016	April 23, 2021	2.29	*		-	38,280		_
Limited U.S.\$250,000,000 Floating Rate Bonds due 2021 Central Nippon Expressway Company	April 25, 2016	April 23, 2021	3.84	*, **		-	27,342		_
Limited U.S.\$500,000,000 2.362 per cent. Bonds due 2021 Central Nippon Expressway Company	May 31, 2016	May 28, 2021	2.36	*		-	54,880		_
Limited U.S.\$150,000,000 Floating Rate Bonds due 2021 Central Nippon Expressway Company	May 31, 2016	May 28, 2021	3.63	*, **		-	16,464		_
Limited AUD100,000,000 3.374 per cent. Bonds due 2026	May 31, 2016	May 28, 2026	3.37	*		-	7,872		-

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

10. Long-Term Debt and Lease Obligations (continued)

Bonds for road construction as of March 31, 2019 and 2018 are summarized as follows: (continued)

					Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars
	Issue date	Maturity date	Interest rate (%)	Note	2019	2018	2019
No.64 Bond of Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited	May 31, 2016	May 31, 2021	0.06	*	¥ –	¥ 9,800	\$ -
No.65 Bond of Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited Issue of Series 1	July 14, 2016	July 14, 2021	0.03	*	-	60,000	-
U.S.\$400,000,000 2.091 per cent. Notes due 2021 Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited Issue of Series 2	September 14, 2016	September 14, 2021	2.09	*	-	41,480	_
U.S.\$200,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 2021 No.66 Bond of Central Nippon	September 14, 2016 September	September 14, 2021 September	3.44	*, **	_	20,740	_
Expressway Company Limited No.67 Bond of Central Nippon	28, 2016 November	28, 2021 September	0.03	*	-	34,000	_
Expressway Company Limited Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited Issue of Series 3	30, 2016	17, 2021	0.03	*	_	50,000	_
U.S.\$250,000,000 2.849 per cent. Notes due 2022 Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited Issue of Series 4	March 3, 2017	March 3, 2022	2.85	*	_	28,290	_
U.S.\$300,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 2022 No 68 Bond of Central Ninpon	March 3, 2017 March	March 3, 2022	3.43	*, **	_	33,948	_
No.68 Bond of Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited No.69 Bond of Central Nippon	March 3, 2017 May	December 20, 2021 March	0.07	*	_	18,000	_
Expressway Company Limited Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited Issue of Series 5	31, 2017	18, 2022	0.07		99,000	99,000	891,972
U.S.\$500,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 2020 Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited Issue of Series 6	August 4, 2017	August 4, 2020	3.28	**	56,068	56,068	505,163
U.S.\$425,000,000 2.567 per cent. Notes due 2021 Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited Issue of Series 7	November 2, 2017	November 2, 2021	2.57		47,817	47,817	430,823
U.S.\$375,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 2021	November 2, 2017	November 2, 2021	3.30	**	42,191	42,191	380,133
No.70 Bond of Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited Issue of Series 8	November 15, 2017	September 20, 2022	0.09		20,000	20,000	180,196
HK\$1,000,000,000 2.463 per cent. Notes due 2022 Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited Issue of Series 9	February 9, 2018	February 9, 2022	2.46		14,200	14,200	127,940
U.S.\$100,000,000 3.055 per cent. Notes due 2022 Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited Issue of Series 10	February 15, 2018	February 15, 2022	3.06		10,933	10,933	98,504
U.S.\$350,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 2022	February 15, 2018	February 15, 2022	3.14	**	38,265	38,265 2	344,761 7

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

10. Long-Term Debt and Lease Obligations (continued)

Bonds for road construction as of March 31, 2019 and 2018 are summarized as follows: (continued)

			_		Millions	e of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
	Issue date	Maturity date	Interest rate (%)	Note	2019	2018	2019
No.71 Bond of Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited Central Nippon Expressway Company	February 23, 2018	December 20, 2022	0.09		¥ 15,000	¥ 15,000	\$ 135,147
Limited Issue of Series 11 AUD200,000,000 2.91 per cent. Notes due 2021 No 72 Bond of Control Ninnon	May 11, 2018	May 11, 2021	2.91		16,522	_	148,860
No.72 Bond of Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited	May 30, 2018	May 30, 2022	0.05		50,000	_	450,491
No.73 Bond of Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited	July 31, 2018	July 29, 2022	0.04		30,000	_	270,295
No.74 Bond of Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited Central Nippon Expressway Company	September 27, 2018	September 20, 2022	0.05		70,000	_	630,687
Limited Issue of Series 12 AUD300,000,000 2.701 per cent. Notes due 2020	November 9, 2018	November 9, 2020	2.70	*	_	_	_
No.75 Bond of Central Nippon	November	November					
Expressway Company Limited Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited Issue of Series 13	30, 2018	30, 2020	0.00	*	-	_	-
EUR200,000,000 0.007 per cent. Notes due 2021 No.76 Bond of Central Nippon	March 12, 2019 March	March 12, 2021 April	0.01		25,171	_	226,786
Expressway Company Limited	12, 2019	12, 2021	0.00		80,001	_	720,795
No.77 Bond of Central Nippon Expressway Company Limited	March 28, 2019	March 19, 2024	0.07		30,000		270,295
				Total	¥ 645,168	¥ 936,740	\$ 5,812,848

* Pursuant to Article 15 of the JEHDRA Act, JEHDRA assumed these obligations shown in the above table.

** The interest rates are those as of March 31, 2019.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

10. Long-Term Debt and Lease Obligations (continued)

The aggregate annual maturities of long-term debt subsequent to March 31, 2019 are summarized as follows:

	Millions of yen				
		Long-term loans			
	Bonds for	for road	Other long-term		
Years ending March 31,	road construction	construction	loans		
2020	¥ –	¥ 354	¥ 100		
2021	111,239	75	100		
2022	348,929	33,415	101		
2023	185,000	25,000	101		
2024 and thereafter	-	-	230		
	¥ 645,168	¥ 58,844	¥ 632		

	Thousands of U.S. dollars					
		Long-term loans				
	Bonds for	for road	Other long-term			
Years ending March 31,	road construction	loans				
2020	\$ -	\$ 3,189	\$ 901			
2021	1,002,243	676	901			
2022	3,143,788	301,063	910			
2023	1,666,817	225,246	910			
2024 and thereafter	_	_	2,072			
	\$ 5,812,848	\$ 530,174	\$ 5,694			

The aggregate annual maturities of lease obligations subsequent to March 31, 2019 are summarized as follows:

		Thousands of
	Millions of yen	U.S. dollars
Years ending March 31,	Lease ob	ligations
2020	¥ 527	\$ 4,748
2021	393	3,541
2022	308	2,775
2023	202	1,820
2024 and thereafter	1,412	12,722
	¥ 2,842	\$ 25,606

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

11. Pledged Assets

At March 31, 2019 and 2018, the total assets of the Company were pledged as collateral for the following bonds pursuant to Article 8 of the Act on Expressway Companies of Japan.

	Million	Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	2019	2018	2019
Bonds for road construction			
Carrying value	¥ 645,168	¥ 936,740	\$ 5,812,848
Face value	645,168	936,740	5,812,848

In addition, at March 31, 2019 and 2018, the total assets of the Company were also pledged as collateral for bonds in the amounts of \$1,295,733 million (\$11,674,322 thousand) and \$1,141,071 million at March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, assumed by JEHDRA pursuant to Article 15 of the JEHDRA Act.

At March 31, 2019 and 2018, the following assets, other than pledged assets outlined above under requirement of the Act on Expressway Companies of Japan and the JEHDRA Act, were pledged.

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2019	2018	2019
Cash and deposits	¥ 3	¥ 3	\$ 27
Investments in unconsolidated			
subsidiaries and affiliates	_	68	_
Investments in securities	53	_	478
Others in Investments and other assets	33	33	297

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

12. Income Taxes

The Company and its domestic subsidiaries are subject to several taxes based on income which, in the aggregate, resulted in statutory tax rates of approximately 30.4% and 30.6% for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The effective tax rate reflected in the accompanying consolidated statements of income for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, differs from the above statutory tax rate for the following reasons:

	2019	2018
Statutory tax rate	30.4%	30.6%
Adjustments:		
Valuation allowance	3.3	0.8
Amortization of negative goodwill	(0.7)	(0.4)
Equity in earnings of affiliates	(0.7)	(0.3)
Consolidated adjustments of gain (loss) on		
sales of equity method affiliates investments	1.0	0.6
Inhabitants' per capita taxes	0.8	0.4
Other	(0.4)	1.2
Effective tax rate	33.7%	32.9%

The significant components of the Group's deferred tax assets and liabilities at March 31, 2019 and 2018 are summarized as follows:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2019	2018	2019
Deferred tax assets:			
Allowance for doubtful accounts	¥ 67	¥ 170	\$ 604
Accrued employees' bonuses	1,270	1,142	11,442
Allowance for ETC mileage program	2,485	2,508	22,389
Liabilities for retirement benefits	19,458	19,859	175,313
Other	5,175	5,236	46,626
Gross deferred tax assets	28,455	28,915	256,374
Less valuation allowance	(22,485)	(23,035)	(202,585)
Total deferred tax assets	5,970	5,880	53,789
Deferred tax liabilities:			
Other	(677)	(658)	(6,100)
Total deferred tax liabilities	(677)	(658)	(6,100)
Net deferred tax assets	¥ 5,293	¥ 5,222	\$ 47,689

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

13. Retirement Benefits

1. Overview

The Company and its consolidated subsidiaries have defined benefit plans, which include both unfunded severance indemnity plans and funded lump-sum severance indemnity plans and a defined contribution plan. The defined benefit pension plans, include corporate pension plans and welfare pension fund plans ("WPFP") covering substantially all employees who are entitled to lump-sum or annuity payments, the amounts of which are determined by reference to basic rates of pay, length of service, and the conditions under which termination occurs.

Certain consolidated subsidiaries calculate the liabilities for retirement benefits based on the simplified method. These domestic subsidiaries have calculated their retirement benefit obligation based on the amount which would be payable at the year end if all eligible employees terminated their services voluntarily.

The Company and certain consolidated subsidiaries participate in a multi-employer welfare pension plan and corporate pension plans. The contributions to the fund are charged to expense when paid in cases where the proportional portion of plan assets attributable to certain consolidated subsidiaries rationally cannot be calculated. In cases where the proportional portion can be calculated, the liabilities for retirement benefits is provided based on the amount of the projected benefit obligation after deducting by the pension plan assets.

On June 29, 2018, the Company transferred to the Japanese government with respect to its application for the return of the benefit obligations related to past employee services under the substitutional portion of the WPFP due to settlement of minimum actuarial reserve. The resulting effects on the consolidated statement of income for the year ended March 31, 2019 were immaterial.

On May 1, 2017, the Company obtained approval from the Minister of Health, Labour and Welfare of Japan with respect to its application for the return of the benefit obligations related to past employee services under the substitutional portion of the WPFP.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

13. Retirement Benefits (continued)

2. Defined benefit plans

The changes in retirement benefit obligation for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows (excluding defined benefit plans based on the simplified method):

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2019	2018	2019
Beginning balance of retirement benefit obligation	¥ 100,804	¥ 127,520	\$ 908,226
Service cost	3,884	3,532	34,994
Interest cost	455	391	4,099
Actuarial gain or loss	585	2,768	5,271
Prior service cost	-	(151)	_
Benefit paid	(3,167)	(3,697)	(28,534)
Decrease due to return of substitutional portion of the WPFP	(13,350)	(29,559)	(120,281)
Ending balance of retirement benefit obligation	¥ 89,211	¥ 100,804	\$ 803,775

The changes in plan assets at fair value for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows (excluding retirement defined benefit plans based on the simplified method):

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2019	2018	2019
Beginning balance of plan assets at fair value	¥ 39,256	¥ 40,348	\$ 353,690
Expected return on plan assets	1,184	499	10,668
Actuarial gain or loss	1,827	(2,246)	16,461
Contributions by the employers	2,055	2,139	18,515
Benefit paid	(1,756)	(1,522)	(15,821)
Decrease due to return of substitutional portion			
of the WPFP	(13,478)	_	(121,434)
Other	224	38	2,017
Ending balance of plan assets at fair value	¥ 29,312	¥ 39,256	\$ 264,096

The changes in liabilities for retirement benefit under the simplified method for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2019	2018	2019
Beginning balance of liabilities for retirement			
benefit	¥ 1,294	¥ 1,221	\$ 11,659
Service cost	278	341	2,505
Benefit paid	(138)	(186)	(1,243)
Payment for the plan	(89)	(82)	(802)
Other	2	_	17
Ending balance of liabilities for retirement benefit	¥ 1,347	¥ 1,294	\$ 12,136
			33

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

13. Retirement Benefits (continued)

2. Defined benefit plans (continued)

The following table sets forth the funded status of the plans and the amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2019 and 2018 for the Company's and the consolidated subsidiaries' defined benefit plans:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2019	2018	2019
Funded retirement benefit obligation	¥ 58,013	¥ 70,280	\$ 522,687
Plan assets at fair value	(30,171)	(40,082)	(271,836)
	27,842	30,198	250,851
Unfunded retirement benefit obligation	33,404	32,644	300,964
Net amounts of liabilities and assets recognized in consolidated balance sheets	61,246	62,842	551,815
Liabilities for retirement benefits	61,848	63,250	557,239
Asset for retirement benefits	(602)	(408)	(5,424)
Net amounts of liabilities recognized in consolidated balance sheets	¥ 61,246	¥ 62,842	\$ 551,815

The components of retirement benefit expenses for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2019	2018	2019
Service cost	¥ 3,661	¥ 3,495	\$ 32,985
Interest cost	455	391	4,099
Expected return on plan assets	(1,184)	(499)	(10,668)
Amortization:			
Actuarial gain or loss	2,321	2,104	20,912
Prior service cost	(17)	(43)	(153)
Retirement benefit expenses under the			
simplified method	278	341	2,505
Other	13	(304)	117
Retirement benefit expenses	¥ 5,527	¥ 5,485	\$ 49,797

The components of retirement benefits liability adjustments included in other comprehensive income (before tax effect) for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2019	2018	2019
Prior service cost	¥ 17	¥ 2,743	\$ 153
Actuarial gain or loss	(3,564)	(7,105)	(32,111)
Total	¥ (3,547)	¥ (4,362)	\$ (31,958)
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

13. Retirement Benefits (continued)

2. Defined benefit plans (continued)

The components of retirement benefits liability adjustments included in accumulated other comprehensive loss (before tax effect) as of March 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

	Millions	Thousands of U.S. dollars		
	2019	2018	2019	
Unrecognized prior service cost	¥ (47)	¥ (63)	\$ (423)	
Unrecognized actuarial gain or loss	13,590	17,153	122,443	
Total	¥ 13,543	¥ 17,090	\$ 122,020	

The fair value of plans assets, by major category, as a percentage of total assets as of March 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

	2019	2018
Bonds	32.0%	21.5%
Stocks	30.9	20.4
Cash and deposits	0.7	0.4
General accounts at life insurance companies	20.9	9.5
Short-term financial assets	1.1	32.8
Other	14.4	15.4
Total	100%	100%

The expected long-term rate of return on plan assets is determined as a result of consideration of both the portfolio allocation at present and in the future, and long-term expected rate of return from multiple plan assets at present and in the future.

The assumptions used in accounting for the defined benefit plans for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

	2019	2018
Discount rates	(0.1)-1.0%	(0.1)-1.0%
Expected long-term rates of return on plan assets	1.0-5.3%	0.5-3.0%
Rates of salary increase	0.0-7.7%	0.0-4.3%

3. Defined contribution plans

The required contributions to defined contribution plans including the multi-employer welfare pension plans are \$121 million (\$1,090 thousand) and \$117 million for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The details and description of multi-employer welfare pension plans, in which contributions to the fund are charged to expense when paid are omitted due to their immateriality.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

13. Retirement Benefits (continued)

4. Return of substitutional portion of the WPFP

As described in Note 3 "Supplemental Information", gain on return of substitutional portion of employees' pension fund was recorded in the amount of ¥22,395 million for the year ended March 31, 2018.

14. Contingent Liabilities

At March 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company provides the following debt guarantees:

	Millio	ns of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2019	2018	2019
JEHDRA	¥ 511,000	¥ 511,000	\$ 4,604,018
W-NEXCO	9	10	81
	¥ 511,009	¥ 511,010	\$ 4,604,099

Pursuant to Article 16 of the "Act regarding the Implementation of Acts Related to Privatisation of the Japan Highway Public Corporation of Japan" (the "Implementation Act"), the Company is jointly and severally liable with JEHDRA, East Nippon Expressway Company Limited ("E-NEXCO") and West Nippon Expressway Company Limited ("W-NEXCO") for the loans and road bonds succeeded to by JEHDRA, E-NEXCO or W-NEXCO from the JHPC (excluding loans from the Japanese government, loans succeeded to by JEHDRA and bonds held by the Japanese government).

Pursuant to Article 15 of the JEHDRA Act, the Company is jointly and severally liable for the long-term debt transferred to JEHDRA corresponding to costs incurred for road construction, renovation, repairs, maintenance and disaster recovery.

At March 31, 2019 and 2018, the Company is jointly and severally liable with JEHDRA for the bonds and loans of JEHDRA transferred by the Company, which were originally financed by the Company, as follows:

			Thousands of
	Millions of yen		U.S. dollars
	2019	2018	2019
JEHDRA	¥ 1,363,733	¥ 1,178,121	\$ 12,286,990

As a result of these transfers listed above, bonds for road construction and long-term loans for road construction decreased by $\pm 657,182$ million (face value) (\$5,921,092 thousand) and $\pm 67,345$ million (\$606,766 thousand) for the year ended March 31, 2019.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

15. Shareholder's Equity

The Act provides that an amount equal to 10% of the amount to be disbursed as distributions of capital surplus (other than the capital reserve) and retained earnings (other than the legal reserve) be transferred to the capital reserve and the legal reserve, respectively, until the sum of the capital reserve and the legal reserve equals 25% of the capital stock account. Such distributions can be made at any time by resolution of the shareholders or by the Board of Directors if certain conditions are met.

Under the Act, upon the issuance and sale of new shares of common stock, the entire amount of the proceeds is required to be accounted for as common stock, although a company may, by resolution of the Board of Directors, account for an amount not exceeding one-half of the proceeds of the sale of new shares as capital surplus.

16. Research and Development Cost

Research and development cost included in cost of sales and administrative expenses for expressway business operations and selling, general and administrative expenses amounted to \$1,144 million (\$10,307 thousand) and \$1,178 million for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

17. Leases

Future minimum lease payments subsequent to March 31, 2019 under non-cancellable operating leases related to road assets are summarized as follows:

Years ending March 31,	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
2020	¥ 459,008	\$ 4,135,580
2021 and thereafter	16,154,123	145,545,752
	¥ 16,613,131	\$ 149,681,332

Pursuant to Article 13.5 of the JEHDRA Act and Article 6.2 of the Act on Expressway Companies of Japan, the Company and JEHDRA, the lessor, review the agreements including road assets leasing fees approximately every 5 years, which allows each party to propose amendments to the extent deemed necessary after the review.

However, if the agreement for the road assets leasing fees does not meet the criteria specified in Article 17 of the JEHDRA Act, or if any events that may adversely affect fair and efficient operations are noted, for example, both may propose amendments to the agreement at any time.

Lease fees may be increased or decreased in proportion to the amount of expressway tolls received from expressway users, if the actual toll amounts received fall short or are in excess of the estimated toll amounts.

Future minimum lease payments subsequent to March 31, 2019 under non-cancellable operating leases other than road assets are summarized as follows:

Years ending March 31,	Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
2020	¥ 1,406	\$ 12,668
2021 and thereafter	4,168	37,553
	¥ 5,574	\$ 50,221

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

18. Amounts per Share

Per share amounts as of and for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

	Yen		U.S. dollars
	2019	2018	2019
Profit attributable to owner of parent:			
Basic	¥ 77.71	¥ 152.41	\$ 0.70
Net assets	1,876.34	1,765.62	16.91

Basic profit per share has been computed based on the profit attributable to owner of parent and the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the year.

Diluted profit per share has not been presented because there were no potentially dilutive shares of common stock for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018.

Net assets per share have been computed based on the net assets available for distribution to the owner of parent and the number of shares of common stock outstanding at the year end.

The financial data used in the computation of basic profit attributable to owner of parent per share for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 is summarized as follows:

	Million	s of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
	2019	2018	2019
Profit attributable to owner of parent	¥ 10,102	¥ 19,813	\$ 91,017
Profit attributable to owner of parent Adjusted profit attributable to owner of parent	¥ 10,102	¥ 19,813	\$ 91,017
	Th	ousands of sha	vres
	2019		2018
Weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding	130,000		130,000

The financial data used in the computation of net assets per share as of March 31, 2019 and 2018 is summarized as follows:

	Million	Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	2019	2018	2019
Total net assets	¥ 244,740	¥ 231,105	\$ 2,205,064
Deduction from total net assets: Non-controlling interests	816	1,574	7,353
Total net assets available to common shares	¥ 243,924	¥ 229,531	\$ 2,197,711
		housands of sha	
	2019		2018
Number of shares of common stock used in the calculation of net assets per share	130,000)	130,000

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

19. Supplemental Information on Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Reconciliations of cash and deposits at March 31, 2019 and 2018 and cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statements of cash flows for the years then ended are as follows:

	Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars	
		At March 31,		
	2019	2018	2019	
Cash and deposits	¥ 105,685	¥ 143,033	\$ 952,203	
Deposits over three months	(185)	(184)	(1,667)	
Cash and cash equivalents	¥ 105,500	¥ 142,849	\$ 950,536	

As described in Note 1(r) "Recognition of revenues and costs," in principle, expressway assets constructed by the Company shall be transferred to JEHDRA after the completion of construction. Concurrently, the debts financed by the Company for construction shall be assumed by JEHDRA.

For the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, expressway assets constructed by the Company in the amounts of \$682,569 million (\$6,149,824 thousand) and \$216,869 million, respectively, were transferred to JEHDRA pursuant to Article 51.2 through 51.4 of the Special Measures Act and, concurrently, the long-term loans of \$67,345 million (\$606,766 thousand) and \$35,324 million for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, and bonds for road construction of \$657,182 million (\$5,921,092 thousand) and \$223,551 million for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, were assumed by JEHDRA pursuant to Article 15.1 of the JEHDRA Act.

Non-cash transactions outlined above are recognized and included in repayment of long-term loans and redemption of bonds for road construction in the consolidated statements of cash flows for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

20. Financial Instruments and Related Disclosures

Status of financial instruments

(1) Policy for financial instruments

The Group raises funds mainly through bank loans and the issuance of bonds. In principle, bank loans and bonds are repaid and redeemed within 10 years based on past funding.

(2) Types of financial instruments and related risk

Accounts receivable due from expressway business operations and other accounts receivable are exposed to credit risk in relation to customers. Marketable securities and investments in securities are held for the purpose of fund management and primarily consist of held-to-maturity debt securities. These are exposed to credit risk in relation to issuers, interest rate fluctuation risk and market risk.

Accounts payable due to expressway business operations and other accounts payable have payment due dates principally within one year. Other long term loans include liabilities succeeded from JHPC due to the privatization of the Company and for the purpose of financing capital investments by the Company.

Long-term loans for road construction and bonds for road construction are used to fund construction, reconstruction, maintenance and repair and disaster recovery. After the completion of construction, road assets are transferred to JEHDRA pursuant to Article 51.2 or 51.4 of the Special Measures Act. Long-term debt with variable interest rates is exposed to interest rate fluctuation risk.

The corporate bonds denominated in foreign currencies are exposed to exchange rate fluctuation risk and interest rate fluctuation risk. For the purpose of hedging foreign currency exchange fluctuation risk and interest rate fluctuation risk, the Company enters into foreign currency swap contracts and interest-rate swaps when the corporate bonds denominated in foreign currencies are issued.

Derivative transactions where the foreign currency swaps and interest-rate swaps are designated as the hedging instruments and corporate bonds denominated in foreign currencies as the hedged items are accounted for by the allocation method and the special treatment, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

20. Financial Instruments and Related Disclosures (continued)

Status of financial instruments (continued)

- (3) Risk management for financial instruments
 - (a) Monitoring of credit risk

For managing credit risks arising from accounts receivable due from expressway business operations and other accounts receivable, each related division of the Group monitors the collection, due dates and outstanding balances by customer. In addition, the Group periodically identifies the credit conditions of major customers.

Marketable securities and investments in securities primarily consist of held-tomaturity debt securities and are limited to securities with high credit ratings based on internal regulations, and are exposed to immaterial credit risks.

For long-term loans with variable interest rates included in long-term debt for road construction, the Group includes contractual provisions allowing the Company to demand early redemption of certain debt under specific conditions.

(b) Monitoring of market risk

Marketable securities and investments in securities primarily consist of held-tomaturity debt securities and are limited to instruments with defined interest rates and are restricted to domestic Japanese instruments based on internal regulations.

The corporate bonds denominated in foreign currencies, which are exposed to foreign currency exchange risk and interest fluctuation risk, are monitored by each corporate bond and are controlled by utilizing currency swap transactions and interest-rate swap transactions, respectively.

(c) Monitoring of liquidity risk

Based on reports from each division of the Group, the Company prepares and updates cash flow plans on a timely basis and maintains appropriate liquidity levels to manage liquidity risk.

(d) Derivative transactions

The Company and certain subsidiaries enter into derivative transactions based on internal regulations but do not enter into derivative transactions for speculative or trading purposes. Currency swap contracts that meet certain conditions are accounted for by the allocation method. Interest-rate swap contracts that meet certain conditions are accounted for by the special treatment.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

20. Financial Instruments and Related Disclosures (continued)

Status of financial instruments (continued)

(4) Supplementary explanation about fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is based on their quoted market price, if available. When there is no quoted market price available, fair value is reasonably estimated. Since various assumptions and factors are reflected in estimating the fair value, different assumptions and factors could result in a different fair value.

Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying value of financial instruments on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2019 and 2018 and their fair value are shown in the following table. The following table does not include financial instruments for which it is extremely difficult to determine the fair value.

	Millions of yen						
	2019				2018		
	Carrying value	Fair value	Difference	Carrying value	Fair value	Difference	
Assets:							
Cash and deposits Accounts receivable due from expressway	¥ 105,685	¥ 105,685	¥ –	¥ 143,033	¥ 143,033	¥ –	
business operations	87,548	87,548	_	76,310	76,310	_	
Other accounts receivable Marketable securities and investments in securities: Held-to-maturity debt	4,817	4,817	-	7,083	7,083	_	
securities	300	307	7	351	361	10	
Other securities	165	165		190	190	_	
Total assets	¥ 198,515	¥ 198,522	¥ 7	¥ 226,967	¥ 226,977	¥ 10	
Liabilities: Accounts payable due to expressway business							
operations	¥ 185,623	¥ 185,623	¥ –	¥ 118,325	¥ 118,325	¥ –	
Other accounts payable	61,815	61,815	_	30,441	30,441	_	
Income and other taxes payable Bonds for road	5,274	5,274	_	942	942	_	
construction	645,168	645,984	816	936,740	937,052	312	
Long-term loans for road		-					
construction (*)	58,844	58,805	(39)	83,830	83,811	(19)	
Other long-term loans (*)	632	632		733	733		
Total liabilities	¥ 957,356	¥ 958,133	¥ 777	¥ 1,171,011	¥ 1,171,304	¥ 293	

* Including the current portion of long-term debt.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

20. Financial Instruments and Related Disclosures (continued)

Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

	Thousands of U.S. dollars 2019					
	Carrying value	Difference				
Assets: Cash and deposits	\$ 952,203	\$ 952,203	\$ -			
Accounts receivable due from expressway business operations	788,792	788,792	_			
Other accounts receivable Marketable securities and investments in securities:	43,400	43,400	_			
Held-to-maturity debt securities	2,703	2,766	63			
Other securities	1,487	1,487	_			
Total assets	\$ 1,788,585	\$ 1,788,648	\$ 63			
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable due to expressway business operations	\$ 1,672,430	\$ 1,672,430	\$ –			
Other accounts payable	556,942	¢ 1,072,430 556,942	Ψ			
Income and other taxes payable	47,518	47,518	_			
Bonds for road construction	5,812,848	5,820,200	7,352			
Long-term loans for road construction (*)	530,174	529,823	(351)			
Other long-term loans (*)	5,694	5,694				
Total liabilities	\$ 8,625,606	\$ 8,632,607	\$ 7,001			

* Including the current portion of long-term debt.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

20. Financial Instruments and Related Disclosures (continued)

The fair value of cash and deposits, accounts receivable due from expressway business operations and other accounts receivable approximates the carrying value since these items are settled in a short period of time.

The fair value of held-to-maturity debt securities and other securities is determined based on quoted market prices. For further information on the fair value of marketable securities and investments in securities, please refer to Note 5 "Securities."

The fair value of accounts payable due to expressway business operations, other accounts payable and income and other taxes payable approximates the carrying value since these items are settled in a short period of time.

The fair value of bonds for road construction including the current portion is determined based on market prices.

The fair value of long-term loans for road construction and other long-term loans, including the current portion, with variable interest rates approximates carrying value since these items reflect market interest rates in the short term and there have been no significant changes in the Company's financial condition that would negatively impact its credit status.

The fair value of long-term loans for road construction and other long-term loans, including the current portion, with fixed interest rates is determined based on the discounted present value of the principal and interest payments using the corresponding fixed interest rate for new debt with the same terms and conditions.

Please refer to Note 21 "Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedging Activities" for information on derivative transactions.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

20. Financial Instruments and Related Disclosures (continued)

Financial instruments for which it is extremely difficult to determine the fair value as of March 31, 2019 and 2018 are summarized as follows:

	Millior	ıs of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars
-	2019	2018	2019
Unlisted stocks: Investments in unconsolidated			
subsidiaries and affiliates	¥ 5,006	¥ 5,342	\$ 45,103
Other securities	94	40	846

No quoted market price is available for unlisted stocks and it is extremely difficult to estimate the corresponding future cash flow.

The redemption schedule for cash and deposits, accounts receivable due from expressway business operations, other accounts receivable and investments in securities with maturities at March 31, 2019 are as follows:

	Millions of yen							
	2019							
		Due after	Due after					
	Due in	one year	five years					
	one year	through	through	Due after				
	or less	five years	ten years	ten years				
Cash and deposits	¥ 105,685	$\frac{1100 \text{ years}}{\text{¥}}$ –	$\frac{1000 \text{ years}}{\text{¥}-1}$	$\frac{100 \text{ years}}{\text{¥}-}$				
Accounts receivable due from	± 105,005	± –	± -	± -				
expressway business operations	87,548	_	_	_				
Other accounts receivable	4,817	_	_	_				
Investments in securities:								
Held-to-maturity debt securities	_	300	_	_				
Total	¥ 198,050	¥ 300	¥ –	¥ –				
		These and a st						
		Thousands of						
		201						
		Due after	Due after					
	Due in	one year	five years					
	one year	through	through	Due after				
	or less	five years	ten years	ten years				
Cash and deposits	\$ 952,203	\$ -	<u>\$</u> –	<u> </u>				
Accounts receivable due from	. ,			·				
expressway business operations	788,792	_	_	_				
Other accounts receivable	43,400	_	_	_				
Investments in securities:								
Held-to-maturity debt securities	_	2,703	_	_				
•	\$ 1,784,395	\$ 2,703	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
Total	ψ I ψ U ψ ψ	$\psi = \psi \nabla \nabla$	Ψ					

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

21. Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedging Activities

The contract amount and the fair value of the derivative instruments outstanding which qualified for hedge accounting at March 31, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

				Millions of yen	
				2019	
Hedge accounting	Hedging	Main hedged		Contract amount	
method	instrument	item	Contract amount	over one year	Fair value
Allocation method		Bonds for road			
for currency swaps	Currency swap	construction	¥ 114,643	¥ 114,643	*1
Integrated treatment					
of interest rate and	Currency swap				
currency swaps	including				
(special treatment,	interest-rate	Bonds for road	126 525	126 525	
allocation method)	swaps	construction	136,525	136,525	*2
Total			¥ 251,168	¥ 251,168	
				Millions of yen	
				2018	
Hedge accounting	Hedging	Main hedged		Contract amount	
method	instrument	item	Contract amount	over one year	Fair value
Allocation method		Bonds for road			
for currency swaps	Currency swap	construction	¥ 308,013	¥ 308,013	*1
Integrated treatment					
of interest rate and	Currency swap				
currency swaps	including				
(special treatment,	interest-rate	Bonds for road			
allocation method)	swaps	construction	252,928	252,928	*2
Total			¥ 560,941	¥ 560,941	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

21. Derivative Financial Instruments and Hedging Activities (continued)

			Thousands of U.S. dollars			
				2019		
Hedge accounting	Hedging	Main hedged		Contract amount		
method	instrument	item	Contract amount	over one year	Fair value	
Allocation method	Currency swap					
for currency		Bonds for road				
swaps		construction	\$ 1,032,913	\$ 1,032,913	*1	
Integrated	Currency swap					
treatment of	including					
interest rate and	interest-rate					
currency swaps	swaps	Bonds for road				
(special treatment,		construction				
allocation			1,230,066	1,230,066	**•	
method)					*2	
Total			\$ 2,262,979	\$ 2,262,979		

- *1 Because the currency swap contracts using the allocation method are accounted for as combined with the bonds for road construction as hedged items, their fair value is included in the fair value of such bonds for road construction.
- *2 Because the currency swap contracts using the allocation method and interest-rate swap contracts using the special treatment of interest-rate swaps are accounted for as combined with the bonds for road construction as hedged items, their fair value is included in the fair value of such bonds for road construction.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

22. Segment Information

(1) Outline of reporting segments

Reportable segments of the Company are components for which separate financial information is available and whose operating results are regularly reviewed by the management to determine the allocation of management resources and assess the business performance.

The Company's business segments are classified by different products and services based on their business domains. The Company's business segments consist of the following reportable segments: expressway business, rest area business and other related business.

Details on the reportable segments are as follows:

Expressway business : Construction, reconstruction, maintenance, repairs, disaster
recovery, and other management activities involving the
expressway business
Rest area business : Construction, management and operations of rest area
businesses adjacent to expressways
Other related business : Agency business, truck terminal business, facilities
utilization business, retail business and other related business

(2) Calculation method of net sales, gain, loss, assets, liabilities and other items by each reporting segment

The accounting policies applied by each reporting segment are consistent with those described in Note 1 "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies."

Segment income presented in segment information is calculated based on operating income in the consolidated statements of income.

In addition, property and equipment and intangible fixed assets related to common departments in the Company are not allocated to reportable segments. Related expenses, however, are allocated to each reportable segment based on a rational method.

Intersegment sales are determined in reference to market actual value.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

22. Segment Information (continued)

Information on net sales, segment income or loss, segment assets and liabilities and other items by each reportable segment as of and for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 is outlined as follows:

	Millions							^r yen				
	2019											
				Reportable	e segi	nents						
				<u> </u>	(Other						
	Ex	pressway	R	lest area	r	elated						
	b	usiness	b	ousiness	bı	isiness		Total	Adju	istments	Co	nsolidated
Sales to third parties	¥ 1	,376,991	¥	32,589	¥	45,662	¥1	,455,242	¥	_	¥ 1	,455,242
Intersegment sales and												
transfers		24		12		1		37		(37)		_
Net sales	1	,377,015		32,601	4	45,663	1	,455,279		(37)	1	,455,242
Segment income	¥	9,701	¥	5,105	¥	132	¥	14,938	¥	5	¥	14,943
Segment assets	¥	998,696	¥	175,616	¥	19,799	¥	1,194,111	¥	143,087	¥ 1	,337,198
Segment liabilities		704,011		_		625		704,636	2	387,822	1	,092,458
Other items:												
Depreciation and												
amortization		18,160		3,151		340		21,651		_		21,651
Investments in												
affiliates		3,690		-		1,316		5,006		_		5,006
Increase in property												
and equipment and		•• • • ••		2 000				• • • • •				
intangible fixed assets		20,649		3,092		464		24,205		5,133		29,338

	2018							
		Reportable						
			Other					
	Expressway	Rest area	related					
	business	business	business	Total	Adjustments	Consolidated		
Sales to third parties	¥ 896,455	¥ 31,535	¥ 44,086	¥ 972,076	¥ –	¥ 972,076		
Intersegment sales and			0		(24)			
transfers	24	57	0	81	(81)			
Net sales	896,479	31,592	44,086	972,157	(81)	972,076		
Segment income	¥ 2,110	¥ 4,853	¥ 212	¥ 7,175	¥ 7	¥ 7,182		
Segment assets	¥ 1,169,399	¥ 176,073	¥ 17,141	¥ 1,362,613	¥ 169,760	¥ 1,532,373		
Segment liabilities	1,020,570	_	725	1,021,295	279,973	1,301,268		
Other items:								
Depreciation and								
amortization	17,381	3,135	321	20,837	_	20,837		
Investments in								
affiliates	3,876	—	1,372	5,248	—	5,248		
Increase in property								
and equipment and								
intangible fixed assets	18,272	1,992	629	20,893	4,419	25,312		

Millions of yen

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

22. Segment Information (continued)

	Thousands of U.S. dollars						
			2019				
		Reportable	segments				
			Other				
	Expressway	Rest area	related				
	business	business	business	Total	Adjustments	Consolidated	
Sales to third parties	\$ 12,406,442	\$ 293,621	\$ 411,407	\$ 13,111,470	\$ -	\$ 13,111,470	
Intersegment sales and transfers	216	108	9	333	(333)	_	
Net sales	12,406,658	293,729	411,416	13,111,803	(333)	13,111,470	
Segment income	\$ 87,404	\$ 45,995	\$ 1,190	\$ 134,589	\$ 45	\$ 134,634	
Segment assets	\$ 8,998,072	\$ 1,582,269	\$ 178,385	\$ 10,758,726	\$ 1,289,188	\$ 12,047,914	
Segment liabilities	6,343,013	_	5,631	6,348,644	3,494,206	9,842,850	
Other items:							
Depreciation and							
amortization	163,618	28,390	3,064	195,072	_	195,072	
Investments in							
affiliates	33,246	-	11,857	45,103	-	45,103	
Increase in property and equipment and intangible fixed assets	186,044	27,858	4,181	218,083	46,247	264,330	
mangiore inter assets	100,044	27,000	-,	210,005	-10,417	201,000	

As discussed in Note 2, reclassifications affecting segment assets and segment liabilities have been made, in accordance with the adoption of "Partial Amendments to Accounting Standard for Tax Effect Accounting" (ASBJ Statement No. 28, February 16, 2018) effective from April 1, 2018. To facilitate comparison, the amounts of segment assets and segment liabilities as at March 31, 2018 have also been adjusted in the tables above to reflect the impact of the required reclassifications.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

22. Segment Information (continued)

Adjustments in the above tables:

The adjustments of segment income in the amounts of \$5 million (\$45 thousand) and \$7 million for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, are eliminations of intersegment transactions.

The adjustments of segment assets in the amounts of \$143,087 million (\$1,289,188 thousand) and \$169,760 million at March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, include corporate assets not allocated to reportable segments, mainly consisting of cash, deposits and assets related common departments in the Company.

The adjustments of segment liabilities in the amounts of \$387,822 million (\$3,494,206 thousand) and \$279,973 million at March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, include corporate liabilities not allocated to reportable segments, principally consisting of other accounts payable and liabilities for retirement benefits.

The adjustments of property and equipment and intangible fixed assets in the amounts of \$5,133 million (\$46,247 thousand) and \$4,419 million for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, include corporate assets not allocated to reportable segments, principally consisting of system development by the Company.

Information on each product and service for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 is analyzed as follows:

	Millions of yen							
	2019							
		Completion of						
	Toll fee	road assets	Other	Total				
Sales to third parties	¥ 693,394	¥ 682,569	¥ 79,279	¥ 1,455,242				
		Millions	of yen					
	2018							
		Completion of						
	Toll fee	road assets	Other	Total				
Sales to third parties	¥ 678,673	¥ 216,869	¥ 76,534	¥ 972,076				
		Thousands of U	U.S. dollars					
		2019)					
		Completion of						
	Toll fee	road assets	Other	Total				
Sales to third parties	\$ 6,247,356	\$ 6,149,824	\$ 714,290	\$ 13,111,470				

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

22. Segment Information (continued)

As more than 90% of the consolidated net sales for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 were made in Japan, the disclosure of geographical segment information has been omitted.

As more than 90% of property and equipment in the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2019 and 2018 are located in Japan, the disclosure of information on property and equipment by country or geographic region has been omitted.

Sales to JEHDRA amounted to \$682,838 million (\$6,152,248 thousand) and \$216,909 million by the expressway business segment for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

Information on loss on impairment of fixed assets by reportable segment for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, is as follows:

	Millions of yen									
		2019								
	Expressway business	Rest area business	Other related business	Total	Adjustments(*)	Consolidated				
Loss on impairment of fixed assets	¥ –	¥ 115	¥ 95	¥ 210	¥ 33	¥ 243				
			Millior	ıs of yen						
			20)18						
	Expressway business	Rest area business	Other related business	Total	Adjustments(*)	Consolidated				
Loss on impairment of fixed assets	¥ –	¥ 24	¥ –	¥ 24	¥ 254	¥ 278				
	Thousands of U.S. dollars									
			20)19						
	Expressway business	Rest area business	Other related business	Total	Adjustments(*)	Consolidated				
Loss on impairment of fixed assets	\$ -	\$ 1,036	\$ 856	\$ 1,892	\$ 297	\$ 2,189				

(*) The adjustments of loss on impairment of fixed assets amounting to ¥33 million (\$297 thousand) and ¥254 million for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, are attributable to corporate assets not allocated to reportable segments.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

22. Segment Information (continued)

Information on amortization of goodwill and the remaining balance by reportable segment as of and for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively, is as follows:

			Millio	ns of yen							
			2	019							
	Expressway business	Rest area business	Other related business	Total	Adjustments	Consolidated					
Amortization of goodwill Remaining	¥ 36	¥ –	¥ –	¥ 36	¥ –	¥ 36					
balance	121	_	-	121	-	121					
			Million	ns of yen							
	2018										
	Expressway business	Rest area business	Other related business	Total	Adjustments	Consolidated					
Amortization of goodwill	¥ 27	¥ –	¥ –	¥ 27	¥ –	¥ 27					
Remaining balance	150	_	-	150	_	150					
			Thousands	of U.S. dollar	S						
			2	019							
	Expressway business	Rest area business	Other related business	Total	Adjustments	Consolidated					
Amortization of goodwill	\$ 324	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 324	\$ -	\$ 324					
Remaining balance	1,090	_	_	1,090	_	1,090					

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

22. Segment Information (continued)

Information on amortization of negative goodwill arising from business combinations before April 1, 2010 and the remaining balance by reportable segment as of and for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 is as follows:

	Millions of yen							
	2019							
	Expressway business	Rest area business	Other related business	Total	Adjustments	Consolidated		
Amortization of negative goodwill	¥ –	¥ –	¥ –	¥ –	¥ 342	¥ 342		
Remaining balance	_	_	-	_	3,159	3,159		
	Millions of yen							
	2018							
	Expressway business	Rest area business	Other related business	Total	Adjustments	Consolidated		
Amortization of negative goodwill	¥ –	¥ –	¥ –	¥ –	¥ 342	¥ 342		
Remaining balance	_	_	_	_	3,501	3,501		
	Thousands of U.S. dollars							
	2019							
	Expressway business	Rest area business	Other related business	Total	Adjustments	Consolidated		
Amortization of negative goodwill Remaining	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,081	\$ 3,081		
balance	-	_	-	-	28,462	28,462		

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

23. Related Party Transactions

Principal transactions between the Company and JEHDRA for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018 are summarized as follows:

			2019				
Relationship with the related party	Nature of transaction	Transaction amount (Millions of yen)	Transaction amount (Thousands of U.S. dollars)	Account name Accounts payable due to expressway business operations Accounts receivable due from expressway business operations		Carrying amount (Millions of yen)	Carrying amount (Thousands of U.S. dollars)
Leasing of road assets Transfer of road	Road assets leasing expenses (*1) Revenues from the	¥ 501,000	\$ 4,513,920			¥ 87,825	\$ 791,288
assets and loans and jointly and severally liable debts	transfer of road assets constructed by the Company (*1) Transfer of liabilities and guarantee of debts	682,569	6,149,824			24,325	219,164
T 1 1	(*2)	724,527	6,527,858		-	-	-
Jointly and severally liable for debts	Guarantee of debts (*3) Guarantee of debts	511,000	4,604,018		_	-	-
	(*4)	639,206	5,759,131		_	-	-
		2018					
Relationship with the related party	Nature of transaction	Transaction amount (Millions of yen)	Account na	me	Carrying amount (Millions of yen)	-	
Leasing of road assets Transfer of road	Road assets leasing expenses (*1) Revenues from the	¥ 492,698	Accounts payab to expressway business opera		¥ 82,944	-	
assets and loans and jointly and severally liable debts	transfer of road assets constructed by the Company (*1) Transfer of liabilities and	216,869	Accounts receivable due from expressway business operations		14,022		
	guarantee of debts (*2)	258,875	_		_		
Jointly and severally liable	Guarantee of debts (*3)	511,000	_		_		
for debts	Guarantee of debts (*4)	919,246	_		_		

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

23. Related Party Transactions (continued)

The capital of JEHDRA is mainly provided by the Minister of Finance, which is the shareholder of the Company. JEHDRA's share capital at March 31, 2018 and 2017 amounted to \$5,637,665 million (\$50,794,351 thousand) and \$5,612,437 million, respectively.

JEHDRA, which is located in the city of Yokohama in Kanagawa Prefecture, is engaged in business activities involving holding road assets, leasing of road assets to the Company and repayment of debts it has assumed.

Applicable consumption taxes are not included in the transaction amounts but are included in carrying amounts in the above table.

- (*1) Agreements are concluded based on negotiations between the Company and JEHDRA.
- (*2) Pursuant to Article 15 of the JEHDRA Act, the Company is jointly and severally liable for the debt transferred to JEHDRA corresponding to costs for construction of expressways, reconstruction, repairs, maintenance and disaster recovery. Related guarantee fees are not received by the Company.
- (*3) Pursuant to Article 16 of the Implementation Act, the Company is jointly and severally liable with JEHDRA, E-NEXCO and W-NEXCO for the loans and road bonds succeeded to by JEHDRA, E-NEXCO or W-NEXCO from JHPC (excluding loans from the Japanese government, loans succeeded to by JEHDRA and bonds held by the Japanese government). Related guarantee fees are not received by the Company.
- (*4) Pursuant to Article 15 of the JEHDRA Act, the Company is jointly and severally liable for the debt transferred to JEHDRA in the amount corresponding to costs for construction for expressways, reconstruction, repairs, maintenance and disaster recovery. Related guarantee fees are not received by the Company.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

24. Other Comprehensive Income

The following table presents an analysis of components of other comprehensive income for the years ended March 31, 2019 and 2018.

	Million	Thousands of U.S. dollars	
	2019	2018	2019
Net unrealized holding loss on securities:			
Amount arising during the year	¥ (25)	¥ (12)	\$ (225)
Reclassification adjustments for gain and loss			
included in profit	_		
Amount before tax effect	(25)	(12)	(225)
Tax effect	9	4	81
Net unrealized holding loss on securities	(16)	(8)	(144)
Retirement benefits liability adjustments			
Amount arising during the year	1,271	2,310	11,451
Reclassification adjustments for gain and loss			
included in profit	2,276	2,052	20,507
Amount before tax effect	3,547	4,362	31,958
Tax effect	(23)	18	(207)
Retirement benefits liability adjustments	3,524	4,380	31,751
Share of other comprehensive income of affiliates			
accounted for by the equity method:			
Amount arising during the year	154	32	1,387
Total other comprehensive income	¥ 3,662	¥ 4,404	\$ 32,994

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

25. Subsequent Events

Issuance of Corporate Bonds

The Company issued general corporate bonds to finance the construction of expressways, reconstruction, repairs, maintenance, disaster recovery and other management activities related to its expressways. A statutory lien was pledged in accordance with the applicable law.

The details are as follows:

	Total amount issued	Interest rate	Issue price	Issuance date	Redemption date
Central Nippon Expressway					
Company Limited Issue of					
Series 14 EUR200,000,000					
0.3375 per cent. Notes due	¥25,237 million	0.3375%	100% of	April 25,	April 25,
2024	(\$227,381 thousand)	per annum	face value	2019	2024
No.78 Bond of Central Nippon	¥80,000 million	0.060%	100% of	May 29,	May 29,
Expressway Company Limited	(\$720,786 thousand)	per annum	face value	2019	2024

The following special provisions were attached to the bonds.

- (i) JEHDRA is jointly and severally liable with the Company for the corresponding obligation, to the extent that the obligation related to these bonds is assumed by JEHDRA pursuant to the JEHDRA Act.
- (ii) When the obligation is assumed by JEHDRA, total assets of JEHDRA will be additionally pledged as collateral for bond holders.
- (iii) The order of lien by bond holders is equivalent to that of holders of the Japan Expressway Holding and Debt Repayment Agency Bond.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

26. Significant Subsidiaries and Affiliates

The Company's consolidated subsidiaries and significant affiliates accounted for by the equity method are presented as follows:

Name	Ownership interest	Country of incorporation	Subsidiaries / affiliates
Central Nippon Exis Co., Ltd.	100.0%	Japan	Consolidated subsidiary
Central Nippon Extoll Yokohama Co., Ltd.	100.0	Japan	Consolidated subsidiary
Central Nippon Extoll Nagoya Co., Ltd.	100.0	Japan	Consolidated subsidiary
Central Nippon Highway Patrol Tokyo Co., Ltd.	100.0	Japan	Consolidated subsidiary
Central Nippon Highway Patrol Nagoya Co., Ltd.	100.0	Japan	Consolidated subsidiary
Central Nippon Highway Engineering Tokyo Co., Ltd.	100.0	Japan	Consolidated subsidiary
Central Nippon Highway Engineering Nagoya Co., Ltd.	100.0	Japan	Consolidated subsidiary
Central Nippon Highway Maintenance Tomei Co., Ltd.	88.7	Japan	Consolidated subsidiary
Central Nippon Highway Maintenance Chuoh Co., Ltd.	100.0	Japan	Consolidated subsidiary
Central Nippon Highway Maintenance Nagoya Co., Ltd.	100.0	Japan	Consolidated subsidiary
Central Nippon Highway Maintenance Hokuriku Co., Ltd.	100.0	Japan	Consolidated subsidiary
NEXCO Central Nippon Services Co., Ltd.	100.0	Japan	Consolidated subsidiary
Central-NEXCO Technical Marketing Co., Ltd.	100.0	Japan	Consolidated subsidiary
NEXCO Central Nippon Investment LLC.	100.0	Japan	Consolidated subsidiary
Central Nippon Highway Retail Yokohama Co., Ltd.	100.0	Japan	Consolidated subsidiary
Central Nippon Highway Retail Nagoya Co., Ltd.	100.0	Japan	Consolidated subsidiary
Central Nippon Highway Advance Co., Ltd.	100.0	Japan	Consolidated subsidiary
Central Nippon Road Maintenance Shizuoka Co., Ltd.	100.0	Japan	Consolidated subsidiary
Central Nippon Road Maintenance Tokyo Co., Ltd.	95.0	Japan	Consolidated subsidiary
Central Nippon Road Maintenance Tokai Co., Ltd.	100.0	Japan	Consolidated subsidiary
Central Nippon Road Maintenance Chubu Co., Ltd.	91.2	Japan	Consolidated subsidiary
Central Nippon Road Maintenance Kanazawa Co., Ltd.	100.0	Japan	Consolidated subsidiary
Central-NEXCO Auto Service Co., Ltd.	100.0	Japan	Consolidated subsidiary
NEXCO Central Nippon Development Co., Ltd.	100.0	Japan	Consolidated subsidiary
Hakone Turnpike Limited	100.0	Japan	Consolidated subsidiary

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

Name	Ownership interest	Country of incorporation	Subsidiaries / affiliates
Hokuriku Highway Terminal Co., Ltd.	27.7%	Japan	Equity-method affiliate
Nexco Systems Co., Ltd.	33.3	Japan	Equity-method affiliate
Nippon Expressway Research Institute Co., Ltd.	33.3	Japan	Equity-method affiliate
NEXCO Insurance Services Co., Ltd.	33.3	Japan	Equity-method affiliate
HIGHWAY TOLL SYSTEMS Co., Ltd.	30.1	Japan	Equity-method affiliate
Japan Expressway International Co., Ltd.	28.7	Japan	Equity-method affiliate
Central Nippon Farm Suzunari Co., Ltd.	39.0	Japan	Equity-method affiliate
Central Nippon Facilities Management Co., Ltd.	20.0	Japan	Equity-method affiliate
Deros Japan Co., Ltd.	30.3	Japan	Equity-method affiliate

26. Significant Subsidiaries and Affiliates (continued)

Central Nippon Farm Suzunari Co., Ltd. has been included in affiliates accounted for by the equity method due to its establishment during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2019.

Tokyo Highway Co., Ltd., TC Maintenance Co., Ltd. and KOSOKU HOZEN Co., Ltd. have been excluded from affiliates accounted for by the equity method due to the sales of their shares by the Group during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2019.

FCC Infrastructure Investment Joint Stock Company has been excluded from affiliates accounted for by the equity method due to the reduction of its shares by the Group during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2019.

Where the fiscal year-ends of affiliated companies accounted for by the equity method are different from that of the Company, the Company used the affiliated companies' financial statements as of and for the year ended on their individual fiscal year-ends or provisional accounts prepared as of and for the year ended on the Company's fiscal year-end.

Supplementary Information

Establishment of a subsidiary

On March 28, 2019, the Board of Directors meeting of the Company resolved to establish a wholly owned subsidiary to develop business based in North America for the purpose of expanding profitability of the Company and contribution for strategy of overseas infrastructure expansion by the Japanese government, and now it is in process of establishing a wholly owned subsidiary in North America.